

RIDDISIDDDHI BULLIONS LIMITED

SURVEILLANCE POLICY

INTRODUCTION:

Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited (MCX) vide its circular ref.no MCX/S&I/380/2016 dated 03rd November 2016 and other circular issued from time to time has directed the members to frame the a surveillance policy for effective monitoring of Trading Members and monitoring the alerts based on trading activity on the Exchange. Members are directed to have proper mechanisms and to ensure that proper checks and balances are in control and RiddiSiddhi Bullions Limited (the Company) is framing this policy accordingly.

SCOPE:

The company shall implement the following policy:-

A) Transactional Alerts to be provided by the exchange: In order to facilitate effective surveillance mechanisms, the Company would download the below mentioned alerts based on the trading activities on the exchanges.

Sr. No.	Transactional Alerts	Segment
1	Significantly increase in client activity	Commodity Derivative
2	Sudden trading activity in dormant account	Commodity Derivative
3	Clients/Group of Client(s), deal in common scrips	Commodity Derivative
4	Client(s)/Group of Client(s) is concentrated in a few illiquid scrips	Commodity Derivative
5	Client(s)/Group of Client(s) dealing in scrip in minimum lot size	Commodity Derivative
6	Client / Group of Client(s) Concentration in a scrip	Commodity Derivative
7	Circular Trading	Commodity Derivative
8	Pump and Dump	Commodity Derivative
9	Wash Sales / self trade	Commodity Derivative
10	Reversal of Trades	Commodity Derivative
11	Front Running	Commodity Derivative
12	Concentrated position in the Open Interest	Commodity Derivative
13	High Turnover concentration	Commodity Derivative
14	Order book spoofing i.e. large orders away from market	Commodity Derivative

The Company may formulate its own alerts in addition to above mentioned type of alerts.

2) Clients Information:

The Company will carry out the Due Diligence of its client(s) on a yearly basis. Further, Company shall ensure that key KYC parameters are updated on a yearly basis and latest information of the client is updated in Unique Client Code (UCC) database of the Exchange. Based on this information the Company shall establish groups / association amongst clients to identify multiple accounts / common account / group of clients.

3) Analysis:

In order to analyse the trading activity of the Client(s) / Group of Client(s) or scrip's identified based on above alerts, the Company will carry out the following procedure:

a. To seek explanation from such identified Client(s) / Group of Client(s) for entering into such transactions.

b. To seek documentary evidence such as bank statement / warehouse receipt (for Commodities with compulsory delivery) or any other documents to satisfy itself.

1. In case of funds, Bank statements of the Client(s)/ Group of Client(s) from which funds pay-in have been met, to be sought. In case of commodities with compulsory delivery, documentary evidence including warehouse receipt of the Client(s)/ Group of Client(s) for which commodities pay-in have been met, to be sought.

2. The period for such statements may be at least +/- 15 days from the date of transactions to verify whether the funds for the settlement of such trades actually belongs to the client for whom the trades were transacted.

c. The Company shall review the alerts based upon:

1. Type of the alerts downloaded by the exchange.
2. Financial details of the clients
3. Past Trading pattern of the clients/ client group
4. Bank /Demat transaction details
5. Other connected clients in UCC (common email/mobile number/address, other linkages, etc)
6. Other publicly available information.

d. After analysing the documentary evidences, including the bank statement/warehouse receipt, the Company will record its observations for such identified transactions or Client(s) / Group of Client(s). In case adverse observations are recorded, the Compliance Officer shall report all such instances to the Exchange within 30 days of the alert generation. The Company may seek extension of the time period from the Exchange, wherever required.

4) Monitoring and reporting:

For effective monitoring, the Company;

1. Within 30 days of alert generation shall dispose off the alert, and any delay in disposition, reason for the same shall be documented.

2. In case of any Suspicious or any Manipulative activity is identified, the same will be mentioned in the Register to be maintained for the purpose and will be reported to the Exchanges within 45 days of the alert generation.

- The Company shall prepare quarterly MIS and shall put to the Board of Directors on the number of alerts pending at the beginning of the quarter, generated during the quarter, disposed off during the quarter and pending at the end of the quarter. Reasons for pendency shall be discussed and appropriate action shall be taken. Also, the Board shall be apprised of any exception noticed during the disposition of alerts. The surveillance process shall be conducted under overall supervision of its Compliance Officer. Compliance Officer would be responsible for all surveillance activities carried out by the Company and for the record maintenance and reporting of such activities.

This Policy shall be:

- Approved by the Board of Directors.
- Reviewed at least annually.
- Re-approved whenever there is a material regulatory change.

The Board shall oversee the effectiveness of the surveillance framework and ensure adequate resources for implementation.

Policy Review

This Policy shall be reviewed annually or earlier upon:

- Changes in SEBI regulations.
- Exchange circulars.
- Internal audit findings.
- Surveillance system enhancements.

Policy Owner: Compliance & Surveillance Department

Approved By: Board of Directors

REGULATORY REFERENCE: SEBI (Stock Brokers) (Amendment) Regulations, 2024 (June 27, 2024); SEBI Circular on Institutional Mechanism for Prevention and Detection of Fraud or Market Abuse; MCX Surveillance Circulars

Last Updated Date: 09th March 2026

NEXT REVIEW DATE: Annual (within 12 months of effective date)